Hazard Zone B in the graph found in §173.133 shall be packed in non-bulk packagings which conform to the performance test requirements of subpart M of part 178 of this subchapter, at the Packing Group I performance level. The following packagings are authorized:

- (a) Packagings as authorized in  $\S\,173.226.$
- (b) 1A1, 1B1, 1N1 or 1H1 drum or 6HA1 composite further packed in a 1A2 or 1H2 drum. Both the inner and outer drums must conform to the performance test requirements of subpart M of part 178 of this subchapter at the Packing Group I performance level. The outer drum must have a minimum thickness of 1.35 mm (0.053 inches) for a 1A2 outer drum or 6.30 mm (0.248 inches) for a 1H2 outer drum. Outer 1A2 and 1H2 drums must withstand a hydrostatic test pressure of 100 kPa (15 psi). In addition, the inner drum must—
- (1) Satisfactorily withstand the leakproofness test in §178.604 of this subchapter using an internal air pressure of at least two times the vapor pressure at 55 °C (131 °F) of the material to be packaged;
  - (2) Have screw closures that are—
- (i) Closed and tightened to a torque prescribed by the closure manufacturer, using a device that is capable of measuring torque;
- (ii) Physically held in place by any means capable of preventing back-off or loosening of the closure by impact or vibration during transportation; and
- (iii) Provided with a cap seal that is properly applied in accordance with the cap seal manufacturer's recommendations and is capable of withstanding an internal pressure of at least 100 kPa (15 psig).
- (3) Have a minimum thickness as follows:
- (i) If the capacity of the inner drum is less than or equal to  $30\ L$  (7.9 gallons), the minimum thickness of the inner drum is:
- (A) For a 1A1 drum, 0.69 mm (0.027 inch):
- (B) For a 1B1 drum, 2.79 mm (0.110 inch):
- (C) For a 1H1 drum, 1.14 mm (0.045 inch); and

- (D) For a 6HA1 drum, the plastic inner container shall be 1.58 mm (0.0625 inch), the outer steel drum shall be 0.70 mm (0.027 inch).
- (ii) If the capacity of the inner drum is greater than 30 L (7.9 gallons) but less than or equal to 120 L (32 gallons), the minimum thickness of the inner drum is—
- (A) For a 1A1 drum, 1.08 mm (.043 inch);
- (B) For a 1B1 drum, 3.9 mm (0.154 inch);
- (C) For a 1H1 drum, 3.16 mm (0.124 inch); and
- (D) For a 6HA1 drum, the plastic inner container shall be 1.58 mm (0.0625 inch) and the outer steel drum shall be 0.96 mm (0.0378 inches).
- (iii) If the capacity of the inner drum is greater than 120 L (31.7 gallons), the thickness of the inner drum is—
- (A) For a 1A1 or 1N1 drum, 1.35 mm (0.053 inches):
- (B) For a 1B1 drum, 4.7 mm (0.185 inches);
- (C) For a 1H1 drum, 3.16 mm (0.124 inches); and
- (D) For a 6HA1 drum, the plastic inner container shall be 1.58 mm (0.0625 inch) and the outer steel drum shall be 1.08 mm (0.043 inch).
- (4) Be isolated from the outer drum by a shock-mitigating, non-reactive material; and
- (5) Have a capacity not greater than 220 L (58 gallons).
- (c) IAI, 1BI, 1HI, 1NI or 6HAI drums described in paragraph (b) of this section may be used without being further packed in a 1A2 or 1H2 drum if the shipper loads the material, blocks and braces the drums within the transport vehicle and seals the transport vehicle sed. Drums may not be stacked (double decked) within the transport vehicle. Shipments must be from one origin to one destination only without any intermediate pickup or delivery.

[Amdt. 173–224, 55 FR 52643, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66274, Dec. 20, 1991; 57 FR 45463, Oct. 1, 1992; Amdt. 173–236, 58 FR 50236, Sept. 24, 1993; Amdt. 173–138, 59 FR 49134, Sept. 26, 1994]

# §173.228 Bromine pentafluoride or bromine trifluoride.

(a) When the §172.101 Table specifies that a hazardous material be packaged

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under this section, only non-bulk packagings prescribed in paragraph (b) of this section are authorized for its transportation. Each packaging must conform to the general packaging requirements of subpart B of this part, to the specification requirements of part 178 of this subchapter and to the requirements of the special provisions of Column 7 of the §172.101 Table.

(b) Specification 3A150, 3AA150, 3B240, 3BN150, 4B240, 4BA240, 4BW240 and 3E1800 cylinders are authorized. Each valve outlet must be sealed by a threaded cap or threaded plug. Cylinder valves must be protected as specified for corrosive gases in §173.301(g). No cylinder may be equipped with any pressure relief device. Specification 3E1800 cylinders must be packaged in accordance with the requirements of §173.301(k).

## §173.229 Chloric acid solution or chlorine dioxide hydrate, frozen.

When the §172.101 Table specifies that a hazardous material be packaged in accordance with this section, only 4G fiberboard boxes, with inner packagings of polyethylene or other suitable material, are authorized. Fiberboard boxes must be reinforced and insulated and sufficient dry ice must be used to maintain the hydrate or acid in a frozen state during transportation. Each packaging must conform to the general packaging requirements of subpart B of part 173, and to the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter at the Packing Group I performance level. Transportation is authorized only by private or contract carrier by motor vehicle.

#### Subpart F—Bulk Packaging for Hazardous Materials Other Than Class 1 and Class 7

## §173.240 Bulk packaging for certain low hazard solid materials.

When §172.101 of this subchapter specifies that a hazardous material be packaged under this section, only the following bulk packagings are authorized, subject to the requirements of subparts A and B of part 173 of this subchapter and the special provisions specified in Column 7 of the §172.101 Table.

- (a) Rail cars: Class DOT 103, 104, 105, 109, 111, 112, 114, 115, or 120 tank car tanks; Class 106 or 110 multi-unit tank car tanks; and metal non-DOT specification, sift-proof tank car tanks and sift-proof closed cars.
- (b) Motor vehicles: Specification MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 304, MC 305, MC 306, MC 307, MC 310, MC 311, MC 312, MC 330, MC 331, DOT 406, DOT 407, and DOT 412 cargo tank motor vehicles; non-DOT specification, sift-proof cargo tank motor vehicles; and sift-proof closed vehicles.
- (c) Portable tanks and closed bulk bins: DOT 51, 52, 53, 56, 57 and 60 portable tanks; IMO type 1, 2 and 5, and IM 101 and IM 102 portable tanks; marine portable tanks conforming to 46 CFR part 64; and sift-proof non-DOT specification portable tanks and closed bulk bins.
- (d) Intermediate bulk containers. Intermediate bulk containers are authorized subject to the conditions and limitations of this paragraph and paragraph (d)(2) of this section provided they conform to the requirements in subpart O of part 178 of this subchapter at the Packing Group performance level specified in column 5 of the §172.101 Table of this subchapter for the material being transported.
  - (1) The following are authorized:
- (i) Composite: 11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1, 21HZ2, 31HZ1, or 31HZ2. For composite intermediate bulk containers, the letter "Z" must be replaced with a capital letter which indicates the material of construction of the outer packaging. For example 21HA1 is a composite intermediate bulk container with a metal outer packaging (see §178.702 of this subchapter);
  - (ii) Fiberboard: 11G;
- (iii) Flexible: 13H1, 13H2, 13H3, 13H4, 13H5, 13L1, 13L2, 13L3, 13L4, or 13M2;
- (iv) Metal: 11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B, 21N, 31A, 31B, or 31N;
- (v) Rigid plastic: 11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2, 31H1, or 31H2; or
- (vi) Wooden intermediate bulk containers: 11C, 11D, or 11F.
- (2) The following conditions and limitations apply to the use of intermediate bulk containers:
- (i) Flexible, fiberboard and wooden intermediate bulk containers are intended for the transport of solids only